ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES BUREAU OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AND TRAUMA SYSTEM



LEVEL IV TRAUMA CENTERS PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT MEASURES ARIZONA STATE TRAUMA REGISTRY 2012

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Report No. 13-4-LV4

Purpose:

The purpose of this report is to provide hospitals a baseline level of comparison on their performance in 2012. This report can be used to support Quality Assurance initiatives in their communities.

This report analyzes four trauma related performance measures:

- Reduce Emergency Department (ED) dwell time at Level IV trauma centers before transfer to Level I trauma centers
- 2. Reduce transfers after admission
- 3. Reduce deaths outside of trauma centers
- 4. Increase trauma billing efficiency

Methodology:

The <u>Arizona State Trauma Registry 2012</u> (ASTR) and the <u>Hospital Discharge Database 2012</u> (HDD) were queried for data on the four measures.

1) Patients with an ED disposition of "Transfer to acute care" were filtered. The final transfer destination was an Arizona Level I Center or an acute care facility in Nevada.

The ED Dwell time is the difference between two elements "ED/Hospital Arrival Date/Time" and "ED Exit Date/Time", or if unable, "Length of Stay".¹

- 2) The transfer after admission was calculated by first filtering patients who were admitted and then had a final discharge disposition as transfer. The final hospital discharge destination was an Arizona Level I trauma centers or a Nevada acute care facility.¹
- 3) Patients that die in a Non-Trauma Centers was found by querying trauma related injuries in the HDD. Deaths were limited to hospitals that were not designated trauma centers in 2012.²
- 4) The trauma billing efficiency score was calculated by comparing patients who had a trauma team activation and arrived by ambulance in ASTR. A hospital that meets this criteria would qualify for 068X revenue under the HDD. A billing efficiency score was calculated by comparing the numbers reported in HDD and ASTR.^{1,2}

Source: Arizona State Trauma Registry

² Source: Hospital Discharge Database

Level IV Trauma Centers

Data Source: Arizona State Trauma Registry 2012 Report No. 13-4-LV4

Performance Measure 1: Reduce ED Dwell Time

Table 1: ED dwell time by ISS by categorical classification

| 1st Performance | | | By Injury Severity Sco | | | core | ore | |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Measure: ED dwell | Overall | | *Missing/NA/ND | | ISS ≤15 | | ISS >15 | |
| time (hrs) | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| <2 hours | 172 | 21.02% | 12 | 33.33% | 132 | 20.33% | 28 | 21.05% |
| ≥2 hours | 646 | 78.97% | 24 | 66.66% | 517 | 79.66% | 105 | 78.94% |
| Total patients transferred | 818 | 100.00% | 36 | 100.00% | 649 | 100.00% | 133 | 100.00% |

Table 2: Time distribution of ED dwell time

| Me | dian ED dwell time (hrs) | Count | 25% | Median | 75% | Max |
|---------|--------------------------|-------|-----|--------|-----|-----|
| Overall | | 782 | 2 | 3.1 | 4 | 28 |
| | By Injury Severity Score | | | | | |
| | ISS ≤15 | 649 | 2 | 3.2 | 4 | 28 |
| | ISS >15 | 133 | 2 | 2.9 | 4 | 11 |

Traumatic injuries require that a system rapidly assess and intervene to prevent morbidity and mortality. One method for assessing performance on this measure is to evaluate the length of time patients are held in a level IV trauma center before they are transferred to a level I trauma center.

Most experts agree that patients whose injuries require a transport to a level I trauma center should be transferred within two hours of arrival at the level IV trauma center.

While there are various factors that contribute to a transfer, a sending facility can develop interventions and best practices that can reduce the ED dwell time.

Level IV Trauma Centers Data Source: Arizona State Trauma Registry 2012

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Performance Measure 2: Reduce transfers after admission

Table 3: Transfers after admission by Length of Stay (LOS)

| 2nd Performance Measure: Transfer after admission | N | % |
|---|----|---------|
| Total patients | 18 | 100.00% |
| Los (Days) | 6 | 33.33% |
| 1 | 5 | 27.77% |
| 2 | 2 | 11.11% |
| 3 | 3 | 16.66% |
| 10 | 1 | 5.55% |
| 14 | 1 | 5.55% |

The goal of any trauma system is to get the right patient to the right place in the right amount of time.

Depending upon the severity of injury, some patients should be evaluated and admitted at level a IV trauma centers. These facilities must have the resources and personnel necessary to address the needs of that patient.

Patients that are outside of a level IV trauma center's capabilities should be stabilized by the staff while simultaneously arranging for transportation to a proper level of care. Patients that present to a level IV trauma center should be adequately screened to ensure that the hospital is able to provide the right level of care.

Level IV Trauma Centers

Data Source: Arizona State Trauma Registry 2012 Report No. 13-4-LV4

Performance Measure 3: Reduce deaths outside of trauma center

The Arizona State Trauma Advisory Board adopted the trauma triage guidelines developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. This evidence based tool recognizes seriously injured individuals who should receive treatment at a designated trauma center.

Table 4: Mortality at non-trauma centers

| 3rd Performance Measure: Mortality at non-trauma centers | | Died | Survived | | |
|---|-----|-------|----------|--------|--|
| | | % | N | % | |
| Level I | 603 | 2.56% | 22,946 | 97.43% | |
| Level IV | 32 | 1.13% | 2,799 | 98.86% | |
| Non-trauma centers | 196 | 1.33% | 14,501 | 98.66% | |

Table 5: Mortality at non-trauma centers by county of residence

| | N | % |
|---------------------|-----|--------|
| Region | | |
| *Missing county | 1 | 0.51% |
| Out of state county | 15 | 7.65% |
| Northern | 15 | 7.65% |
| Southeastern | 44 | 22.44% |
| Central | 103 | 52.55% |
| Western | 18 | 9.18% |

Table 6: Age demographics of deaths outside trauma centers

| | N | Percent |
|---------------|-----|---------|
| Total Died | 196 | 100.00% |
| Age | | |
| <5 | 1 | 0.51% |
| 5-8 | 1 | 0.51% |
| 15-17 | 2 | 1.02% |
| 18-24 | 3 | 1.53% |
| 25-44 | 13 | 6.63% |
| 45-64 | 29 | 14.79% |
| 65+ | 147 | 75.00% |

Table 7: Injury demographics of deaths outside trauma centers

| | N | Percent |
|----------------------------|----|---------|
| Type of injury | | |
| TBI | 55 | 28.06% |
| Other Head, Face, Neck | 11 | 5.61% |
| SCI | 1 | 0.51% |
| VCI | 11 | 5.61% |
| Torso | 27 | 13.77% |
| Upper Extremity | 7 | 3.57% |
| Lower Extremity | 73 | 37.24% |
| Other & Unspecified | 3 | 1.53% |
| System Wide & Late Effects | 8 | 4.08% |

Table 8: Admission demographics of deaths outside trauma centers

| | N | Percent |
|---|-----|---------|
| Source of admission | | |
| Non-Health Care Facility Point of | | |
| Origin | 180 | 91.83% |
| Clinic or Physician's Office | 2 | 1.02% |
| Transfer from a Hospital (different facility) | 9 | 4.59% |
| Transfer from a Skilled Nursing Facility | 4 | 2.04% |
| Information not available | 1 | 0.51% |

Level IV Trauma Centers Data Source: Arizona State Trauma Registry 2012 Report No. 13-4-LV4

Performance Measure 4: Increase billing efficiency

Table 9: Billing efficiency for level IV trauma centers

| 4th Performance Measure: Billing efficiency | ASTR - Trauma Team Activation and Arrived by Ambulance | HDD # 068X Selected | Trauma Billing Efficiency Score |
|---|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Level IV | 1,125 | 675 | 60.00% |

Trauma team activations are vital resource that ensure a coordinated and capable response to injured patients presenting to a trauma center. This resource is an essential component of a trauma center and are costly to a hospital.

Financial viability ensures the sustainability of dedicated trauma care in rural communities. A commitment to clinical excellence must coincide with efficient billing.

Data from two registries (HDD and ASTR) were used to develop the following tool to describe how the designated trauma centers are performing related to trauma billing efficiency.

Trauma Billing Efficiency Score HDD # 068X Selected / ASTR - Trauma Team Activation:

A higher value denotes a better trauma billing efficiency for the state.